

$$7. \vec{OA} = (1, 1, -1) \text{ より, } |\vec{OA}| = \sqrt{3}$$

$$4. \vec{OP} = (\cos t, \sin t, \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}) \text{ より,}$$

$$|\vec{OP}| = \sqrt{\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t + \frac{6}{4}} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{6}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}$$

$$7. \vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OP} = \sin t + \cos t - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I. } \cos \theta &= \frac{\vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OP}}{|\vec{OA}| |\vec{OP}|} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(t + \frac{\pi}{4}) - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{15}} \sin(t + \frac{\pi}{4}) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$0 \leq t < 2\pi \text{ より, } \frac{\pi}{4} \leq t + \frac{\pi}{4} < \frac{9}{4}\pi \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

θ が最小となるのは, $\cos \theta$ が最大のときである.

$$\text{このとき, } t + \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ より, } t = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

カ. $\triangle OAP$ の面積を S とすると.

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{|\vec{OA}|^2 |\vec{OP}|^2 - (\vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OP})^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3 \cdot \frac{5}{2} - \left(\sqrt{2} \sin(t + \frac{\pi}{4}) - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} \right)^2} \quad \text{よって,}$$

$$\sin(t + \frac{\pi}{4}) = X \text{ とおくと, } -1 \leq X \leq 1$$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{15}{2} - \left(\sqrt{2} X - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} \right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-2 \left(X - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{15}{2}}$$

S は $X = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ のとき, 最大をとる.

このとき,

$$\sin(t + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \text{ であり, } \textcircled{1} \text{ より,}$$

$$t + \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\pi \quad \therefore t = \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{5}{12}\pi$$